BK 14, ST, LLA January 1990



Defense Language Institute English Language Center Lackland Air Force Base, Texas

AMERICAN LANGUAGE COURSE

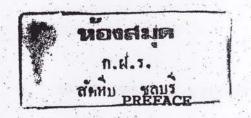


LEVEL III

BOOK 14

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES

STUDENT TEXT



The American Language Course (ALC) is designed primarily for an intensive language training program. However, these materials can also be used in nonintensive programs. The course will provide students with a sufficient level of fluency and communicative proficiency in English to enable them to successfully pursue technical or professional training in schools conducted by the Department of Defense.

The General English Phase of the ALC consists of six progressive levels of language proficiency training. Each level contains 6 separate instructional packages.

Level	I	Books	. 1	-	6
'Level	II	Books	7	-	12
Level	III	Books	13	_	.18
Level	IV	Books	19	-	24
Level	V	Books	25	_	30
Level	VI	Books	31		36

The coordinated instructional packages consist of the following:

- 1. Instructor Text
- 2. Student Text
- 3. Audio tapes
- 4. Instructor Language Laboratory Activities Booklet
- 5. Student Language Laboratory Activities Booklet
- 6. Quiz Kits

Inquiries concerning these materials, including requests for copies or authority to reproduce materials contained therein, should be addressed to Commandant, Defense Language Institute, ATTN: LERW, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, 78236-5000.

Recommendations for improving this pilot edition are encouraged. Letters should be addressed to: Commandant, Defense Language Institute English Language Center, ATTN: LEAC, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas 78236-5000.

NOTES TO THE STUDENT

This booklet contains the Language Laboratory Activities (LLA) for Book 14.

will need a pen or pencil and this booklet to do the ctivities correctly. All directions are given orally on the tapes. It is important to listen carefully to the instructions and to do the things the tape tells you to do. You will be told to repeat words or sentences and to ask and answer questions. You will also be told to choose and mark certain words or expressions, or to write special words, phrases, or sentences. Yest of the time the tape will give you the correct answers right and you can check your work. Sometimes the tape will tell you to look on a certain page for the answers. Relax, listen carefully, and respond!

DISTRIBUTION OF OBJECTIVES IN THE LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES FOR BOOK 14

LESSON 1

THE 1A (ST p. 1)

Figures 1-5 Vocabulary

IB (ST p. 5)

Figures 1-4 Vocabulary

Figures 5-7 Grammar (singular/plural count nouns) Figure 8

Listening Skill (main idea/select)

THE 1C (ST p. 11)

Figure 1 Vocabulary

Figures 2-4 Function (identify people by name and rank)

Figure 5-7 Grammar (express time using just/soon)

Listening Skill (topic/select) Figure 8

TIPE 1D (ST p. 17)

Figures 1-4 Grammar (equality/nonequality) Figures 5-7 Grammar (future progressive) Figure 8 Listening Skill (title/select)

LESSON 2

TAPE 2A (ST p. 25)

Figures 1-5 Vocabulary

THE 2B (ST p. 31)

Figures 1-4 Vocabulary

Grammar (present/future possibility) Figure 5

Listening Skill (topic/select) Figure 6

(ST p. 37) TAPE 2C

Grammar (adverbs of degree) Figures 1-4

Grammar (restrictive adjective clauses) Figures 5-7

Listening Skill (main idea/select) Figure 8

TAPE 2D (ST p. 43)

Function (ask/give description of places) Figures 1-3

Grammar (adverbs of degree) Figure 4

Grammar (indefinite past ability using if) Figures 5-8.

Listening Skill (title/select) Figure 9

LESSON 3

TAPE 3A (ST p. 49)

Figures 1-2 Vocabulary

Listening Skill (main idea/select) Figure 3

Grammar (express necessity using must) Figure 4

Grammar (modal review) Figure 5

Grammar (gerunds: subject/object) Figure 6

Writing Skill (dictation/missing words) Figure 7

(ST p. 57) TAPE 3B

Vocabulary Figures 1-2

Listening Skill (title/select) Figure 3

Grammar (present condition/action using must) Figure 4

(ST p. 61) TAPE 3C

Listening Skill (topic/write) Figure 1

Grammar (modal review) Figure 2

Listening Skill (main idea/write) Figure 3

Vocabulary Figure 4

Writing Skill (dictation/missing words) Figure 5

(ST p. 67) TAPE 3D

Grammar (present condition/action) Figure 1

Listening Skill (title/write) Figure 2

Writing skill (develop the text) Figures 3-6

LESSON 4

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E 41 (ST p. 73)
   Figures 1-2
                Vocabulary
                Grammar (express advice using ought to)
   Figure 3
   Figure 4
                Listening skill (main idea/select)
   Figure 5
                Vocabulary
 (ST p. 79)
   Figure 1
                Vocabulary
                Listening Skill (title/select)
  Figure 2
                Grammar (adverbs of degree)
  Figure 3
 4C (ST p. 83)
                Function (inquire about, clarify, report)
                Listening Skill (transitional/connective)
  Figure 2
                Vocabulary
  Figure 3
(ST p. 87)
  Figure 1
               Vocabulary
  Figure 2
               Listening Skill (title/write)
  Figure 3
               Listening Skill (topic/write)
  Figure 4
               Listening Skill (numbers/write)
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LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 1A, BOOK 14

Figure 1

In the United States, the <u>armed forces</u> are the Army, Navy, Air Force, and <u>Marine Corps</u>. The officers and <u>enlisted</u> men and women the Army, Navy, and Air Force learn to work on land or sea or in the air. Marine Corps <u>personnel</u> must <u>train</u> for all three kinds of the corps of the corps

The people in these <u>services</u> usually don't receive the same <u>raining</u> or do the same jobs. Their ranks and <u>insignia</u> are often the same. They have different uniforms, <u>grades</u>, and <u>serve</u> their <u>duty</u> is the same: they must <u>serve</u> their

1.	An is the con-
2.	is the same as a job. A rank and a are the same.
3.	People in the military are military
4.	The Armed Forces are also called the armed
5.	on a military uniform shows a person's
6.	Military personnel must do their jobs; that's their
7-	While they're in, people are learning and

U.S. ARMED FORCES OFFICER RANKS AND INSIGNIA (0-1 - 0-6)

	NAVY	AIR FORCE, ARMY, AND MARINE CORPS	COLLAR INSIGNIA	PAY GRADE
1.	<u>Captain</u>	Colonel		0-6
2.	<u>Commander</u>	Lieutenant Colonel	(silver) (silver)	0-5
3.	<u>Lieutenant</u> <u>Commander</u>	Major		0-4
			(gold)	
4.	<u>Lieutenant</u>	Captain		0-3
		and the Transfer	(silver)	
5.	<u>Lieutenant</u> <u>junior grade</u>	lst Lieutenant	1777 1787 1841	0-2
			(silver)	
6.	<u>Ensign</u>	2nd Lieutenant		0-1
			(gold)	E # 8 7 3.00

U.S. ARMED FORCES ENLISTED RANKS AND INSIGNIA (E-1 - E-6)

NAVY	ARMY	MARINE CORPS	AIR FORCE	PAY GRADE
Petty Officer 1st class (PO1)	Staff Sergeant	Staff Sergeant	Technical Sergeant (TSgt)	E-6
Petty Officer Second Class (PO2)	Sergeant	Sergeant A	Staff Sergeant (SSgt)/SSG)	E-5
Petty Officer 3rd Class (PO3)	<u>Corporal</u>	Corporal	Sergeant	E-4
Seaman	Private 1st Class	Lance Corporal	Airman 1st Class (A1C)	E-3
	\wedge		***	
Seaman Apprentice (SA)	Private (PVT)	Private 1st Class (PFC)	Airman	E-2
Seaman Recruit (SR)	Private	Private	Airman Basic (AB)	E-1

EXAMPLE: 2. 1. 4. Т T F 3. 6. Т F 5. T 8. F 7. T F

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 1B, BOOK 14

1	e assi	gned be promoted be stationed be up for
C	hance	opportunity promotion station
		retired retirement
Cmdr	Kent:	Did you know that Jim'sto
Cmdr	Wall:	No. I didn't realize that he
		Has he been assigned to
		another?
Cmdr	Kent:	Yes. He has an assignment to San Diego Naval Training Center.
Cmdr	Wall:	I've never at San Diego. Have you?
Cmdr	Kent:	I was there three years ago, and I go back when I
		have the
Cndr	Wall:	Do you think it's a good place for
Cmdr	Kent:	I sure do. I'd like to live there when I'm
Cmdr	Wall:	When do you plan to retire?
Cmdr	Kent:	As soon as I have the

그 이번 선생님은 사람들이 있다. 그는 사람이 가는 이 살이 되었다.
그 경기들은 이번 가게 가는 사람들이 가게 하면서 돌아가다. 이 이 기를 받는데
Figure 2
그렇게 하셨다면 다 그래도 나가는 나를 하는 것이 하는데 가게 하셨다.
1. Jim's rank will be
a. higher b. lower
 a. Jim could change his rank. b. The Navy could change Jim's rank.
3. He's going to have a different .
보는 생활하는 사람들이 보고 있다면 하는 사람들이 보고 있다면 하는 사람들이 있다. 그리고 있다면 보다 보다 없는데 없다면 보다 되었다면 보니 되었다면 보다 되었다면 보니다. 되었다면 보다 되었다면 보다 되었다면 보다 되었다면 보니 되었다
a. job b. uniform
이렇게 되었는 사람이 얼마나 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다.
4. He will San Diego.
a. visitb. work in
5. He has never San Diego before.
a. seen
b. served in
6. He goes there when he
a, wants to
b. is able to
7 40 00040 40 100
7. He wants to live there when
a. he's finished his military careerb. the Navy sends him there to do a job
8. He'll retire when
a. he can
b. he has to

Page 20-D THE YUMA NEWS June 11, 1998

* MILITARY NEWS *

Yuma, Arizona -- Sgt Dan Nelson will be promoted to the rank of staff sergeant July 1. Sgt Nelson has been stationed at Yuma Marine Corps Air Station since August 1996. enlisted in the Marine Corps after his graduation from high school. He received his basic training at Camp Pendleton, California. He then took advanced training at Parris Island, South Carolina. In August, Sgt Nelson will leave Yuma and begin a class for NCO's at Quantico Marine Base, Virginia. He expects to remain at Quantico for his follow-on assignment.



Sgt Dan Nelson

- a. after his basic training
 - b. after he graduated from high school
- ____ c. when he completes the NCO class
- ____ d. after he joined the Marines

1.	cat	cats 2.	dog	dogs 3.	age	ages
	knot	knots	law	laws	box	boxes
America	belt	belts	car	cars	size	sizes
	sheet	sheets	gun	guns	dish	dishes
	map	maps	key	keys	cause	causes
* 8 * en m	slip	slips	tool	tools	fence	fences
	rope	ropes	mile	miles	house	houses
e " .	duck	ducks	hand	hands	match	matches
	rock	rocks	item	items	guess	guesses
	tank	tanks	tire	tires	beach	beaches

Figure 6

EXAMPLE: <u>Jack</u> has a job. (John, two) <u>John</u> has two jobs.

- 1. Ann has one son.
- 2. Kathy has one TV.
- 3. Jim has a test today.
- 4. Dave studied for an hour.
- 5. Jane's car had a flat tire.
- 6. Mary got a ticket.
- 7. Frank drank a cup of coffee.
- 8. Sally speaks one language.
- 9. Henry runs a mile every day.
- 10. Mike will play a tennis match today.

Sin

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Figu

c.

d.

Mary and Mike are the	of a Navy captain.
Since they started school eleven	ago, they have
lived in four and three	
They've gone to seven different	and studied three
Mike doesn't like movin	g. He thinks that his
will be better and that he c	an play more
if he keeps the same	and
Mary doesn't mind moving	; she likes to see new
and make new	

- a. Fast cars are dangerous.
- b. Anything can happen on the highway.
- c. Drivers who speed may cause accidents.
- d. Some people are always late for appointments.

ANSWERS FOR TAPE 1B, BOOK 14

Mary and Mike are the <u>children</u> of a Navy captain.
Since they started school eleven ago, they have
lived in four <u>states</u> and three <u>countries</u> .
They've gone to seven different schools and studied three
languages . Mike doesn't like moving. He thinks that his
grades will be better and that he can play more
teachers . Mary doesn't mind moving; she likes to see new
places and make new friends .

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 1C, BOOK 14

Figure 1

1. SR 2. SA 3. PO1 4. PO2 5. PO3 6. PVT 7. PFC 8. E-4 9. E-5 10. O-6

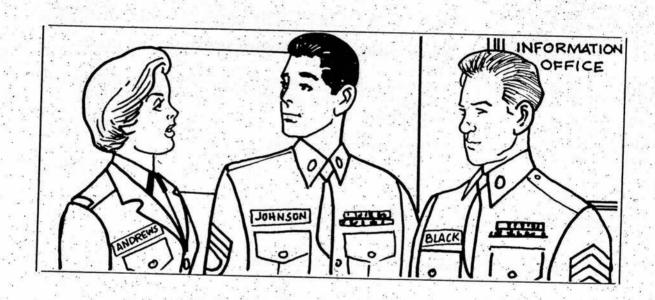
11. SSgt 12. TSgt 13. AB 14. Amn 15. AlC

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Figure 2



1. SSgt Johnson: Good morning. What can I do for you?

Lt Andrews: I'm Lt Andrews. I'd like some information about advanced degree programs.

SSgt Johnson: This is Sgt Black. He can answer your questions.



2. Amn Harris: Base Taxi Service. Airman Harris speaking.

How may I help you?

PO3 Davis: This is Petty Officer Davis at DLI. I'm going to need a base taxi this morning at ten o'clock.

3. Lt Baker: Colonel, you have a long distance call.

LtC Mills: Who is it?

Lt Baker: It's Major Clark at Vance Air Force Base.

LtC Mills: Thank you. Lieutenant Colonel Mills.

Maj Clark: Colonel, this is Major Clark. Can you please tell me something about my next

assignment?



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- Manager: Name and rank, please?
 Sergeant: Staff Sergeant Allen.
- Instructor: Please give me your name and rank. Sergeant: I'm Tech Sergeant Samson.
- Clerk: What is your full name and rank? Ensign: Jeffrey K. Ellis. I'm an ensign.
- Teller: I need your name, rank, and duty station.
 Captain: Carol Carson. I'm a captain, and I'm stationed at Fort Sill.
- 5. Secretary: May I ask who's calling?
 LtCmdr: This is Lieutenant Commander Davis.
- 6. Nurse: What's the patient's name, rank, and service? Private: Jim Johnson. He's a Marine corporal.

1.	A1C Haskins:	Dental Clinic, Airman Haskins.
	2Lt Denton:	I need to make an appointment.
	AlC Haskins:	(name/rank)
	2Lt Denton:	
2.	PO2 Jackson:	Personnel, Petty Officer Jackson speaking.
	Maj Martin:	Lieutenant Lewis, please.
	PO2 Jackson:	(ask/calling) ?
	Maj Martin:	
3.	Mrs. Parker:	Base Housing Office. May I help you?
	SSgt Hanson:	I'd like to get some information about a house on base.
	Mrs. Parker:	Certainly. (have/name/rank) ?

- Stan will be here in ten minutes. He'll be here soon.
- Fran has been here only a few minutes. She just got here.
- We're leaving for New York tomorrow. We're leaving soon.
- 4. Our friends left for New York this morning. They just left.
- 5. The children are going to eat dinner at six o'clock. They're going to eat dinner soon.
- The basketball game ended five minutes ago. The game just ended.

rigi	ne e	[2012] [18] [4] [17] [2] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18
1.	Mary:	Have you been waiting long?
	Jane:	No. I got here.
	Mary:	Where's Karen?
	Jane:	She called. She'll be here
2.	Dana:	Has Jim written to you yet?
	Dave:	No, but I expect to hear from him Has
		he written to you?
	Dana:	Yes, Igot a letter from him today.
3.	Greg:	Let's go. The movie starts
	Mark:	I'll be glad to drive. Oh, no!
	Greg:	What's the matter?
	Mark:	I remembered that I left my keys in the trunk of the car.
	te " a li	그 전통에 없는 것들은 생각이 하는 것이다. 그렇게 하는 것은 사람들이 함께 없었다면 네

Fig

1.

2.

3.

Figu

1.

2.

Has.

the

	E: (Have you read Jim's letter ye No, I <u>just</u> opened it.
1. N	o, I met him.
2. Y	es, I called him.
3. N	ot yet, but I'll have to start
4. Y	es, I finished it.
5. Y	es, but I'm leaving
6. N	o, but he'll find out.
7. N	o, he was promoted to major.
8. Y	es, she'll be here
9. N	o, we sat down at the table.
10. Y	our dinner will be ready
Figure	
 Figure	8
1. a	<u>8</u> . golä
1. a	8 gold silver
1. a b c	8 gold silver jewelry
1. a b c	8 gold silver
1. a b c d	8 gold silver jewelry soft metals
1. a b c d	gold silver jewelry soft metals
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots . pilot training
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots . pilot training . kinds of stores
1. a b c d	gold . silver . jewelry . soft metals . the Air force . Air Force bases . civilian pilots . pilot training . kinds of stores . a large shopping mall

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 1D, BOOK 14

Figure 1



Ann is <u>as tall as</u> her mother. She's not <u>as tall as</u> her father.

300		4	- A.		
as	44.	2.7	Program	as	
			7.7	1/2	2
*		277 8		· Vari	3570

- How old is Jane? Jane's as old as Jim.
- How cold is the water?
 The water's as cold as ice.
- Was Sam very angry?
 Sam wasn't as angry as Ben.
- How far did Jack drive?
 Jack drove as far as Jerry did.
- 5. Are Ron's grades good?
 Ron's grades are as good as his sister's.
- 6. When will you get here?
 I'll get there as soon as I can.
- 7. How early does Bill have to get up? He has to get up as early as I do.
- 3. Are these shoes expensive? They're not as expensive as those.
- Does Sara type badly?
 Sara doesn't type as badly as she used to.
- Can Don speak Spanish?

 He can't speak Spanish as well as he can read it.

EXAMPLE: Houston isn't as big as New York. (Chicago)
Is it as big as Chicago?

- 1. Stan can't swim as fast as Sam.
- 2. Nancy didn't run as far as Karen.
- 3. Chicken isn't as expensive as fish.
- 4. Doris isn't as pretty as her cousin.
- 5. The hotels aren't as crowded as the motels.
- 6. Doug didn't eat as much dinner as David did.
- 7. Jim doesn't see the doctor as often as he should.
- 8. It's not as hot in California as it is in Florida.

EXAMPLE: John - 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Jane - 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Does Jane work as long as John?

- Terry Navy captain Jerry - Army colonel
- Lucy 120 lbs.
 Mary 135 lbs.
- Pikes Peak 14,110 ft high Mount Whitney - 14,194 ft high
- 4. Flight 123 30 minutes late Flight 789 1/2 hour late
- 5. Jim 1 mile 5 minutes
 Jack 1 mile 4 1/2 minutes
- 6. Lake Michigan 517 km long Lake Superior - 616 km long
- 7. Jo's daughter 1 1/2 years old Ann's daughter 18 months old
- Chicago 3 million people Houston - 2 million people

EXAMPLE: Jan: Are Beth's eyes blue?

Kay: They look like the sky on a sunny day.

Beth's eyes are as blue as the sky on a sunny day.

Nell: Are your hands cold?
 Jill: They feel like ice.

Sam: Is Margaret's hair white?
 Nan: It looks like snow.

Dan: Was the water clear?Don: It looked like glass.

Sue: Is your cat black?
 Lou: It looks like night.

5. Ann: Do you still feel weak? Jan: I feel like a baby.

Kay: Is your sister pretty?
 Fay: She looks like a picture.

Ned: Is the ice cream still hard?
 Ted: It feels like a rock.

Greg: Is your knife sharp?
 Jeff: It cuts like a razor.

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EXAM

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8.

Will Mark be going to school in September?

No. He won't be studying next fall.

Mill he be working?

Mex: Yes, he'll be cooking meals in his father's restaurant.

Mick: What will Mike be doing?

Mick: He'll be traveling in Mexico.

Figure 6

He'll be driving a taxi. (bus)

- 1. Ed won't be studying French.
- 2. Pam won't be playing tennis.
- 3. Kathy won't be feeling worse.
- 4. We won't be living in the barracks.
- 5. Paul won't be be gaining weight.
- 6. Keith won't be riding the bus to work.
- 7. Mr. Franklin won't be coaching football.
- 3. Jane won't be working at the grocery store.

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Dear Students,

What will you be doing five years from now? Please write your plans below.

Mrs. Green

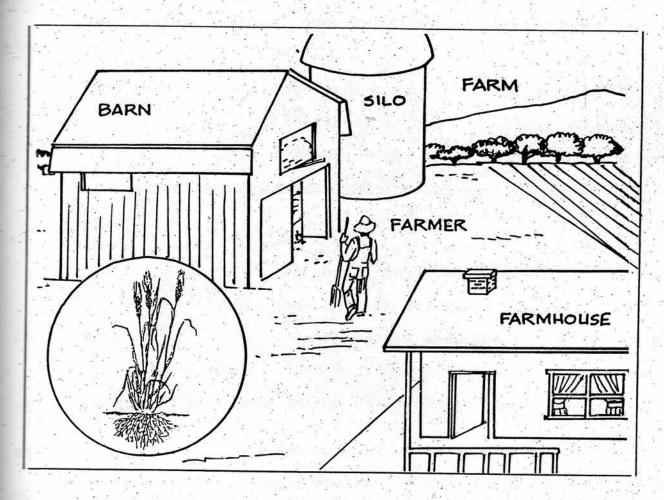
- 1. write a book Betty
- 2. coach a pootball team -- Mac
- 3. work is a bank -- Matthew
- 4. plan my wedding Kathleen
- 5. I well around the world -- gay
- 6. play professional tennis -- Maria
- 7. fly for an airline -- ann
- 8. get a masteris degree -- alice
- 9. Derve in the navy- Michael
- 10. build race cars -- Roger

- 1. a. Good Diets
 - b. How to Lose Weight
 - c. Easy Sports
 - b. How to Exercise

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LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 2A, BOOK 14

Figure 1



Wheat, corn, rice, cotton and other crops grow on large pieces of land called farms. The people who operate farms are farmers. They live with their families in farmhouses and put the farm animals in barns. They keep extra food for the animals in the silos.

Farmers work hard all year to <u>raise</u> their crops. They prepare the fields, <u>plant</u> the crops, <u>take care of</u> the <u>plants</u> while they are rowing, and then <u>harvest</u> and <u>sell</u> the crops. At the same time, they hope for good weather and good prices for their <u>harvests</u>.

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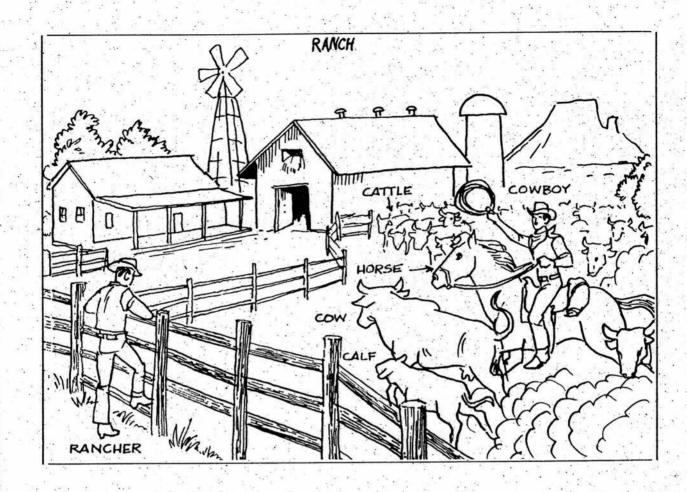
crop farm farmer harvest plant raise wheat
Wheat is a kind of grass that can grow almost anywhere in
the world. Because bread is made from it, gives
millions of people their basic food. A wheat
that's ripe* is from two to four feet high and is the color of
gold.
There are many different kinds of Winter
wheat and spring wheat are the two most important ones.
who grow winter wheat it in the fal
andit the next summer. Those who
spring wheat plant it the early spring and cut it in late summer
The countries with the largest wheat are th
Soviet Union, China, and the United States. The biggest wheat
in the U.S. grow on in Kansas, North
Dakota, and Oklahoma.
*ripe = ready to eat or to use

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Animals graze on large pieces of land called <u>ranches</u>. A person who operates a ranch is called a <u>rancher</u>. He gives the animals extra food when there isn't enough grass for them in the fields. When they are sick, he gives them medicine.

A ranch is usually much bigger than a farm. Because of its large size, cowboys ride around in trucks or on horses when they check the animals and fences. They may even use small airplanes for traveling around the ranch.

Many ranchers raise beef cattle. They take care of the bulls, cows and calves and sell the cows and calves after they have gained a lot of weight. Some ranchers raise horses for people who enjoy racing them or riding them in their free time. Other ranchers raise sheep for their wool and meat.

1. T F

2. T F

3. T F

4. T F

5. T F

6. T F

7. T F

8. T F

9. T F

10. T F

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1.

2.

3.

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J. . .

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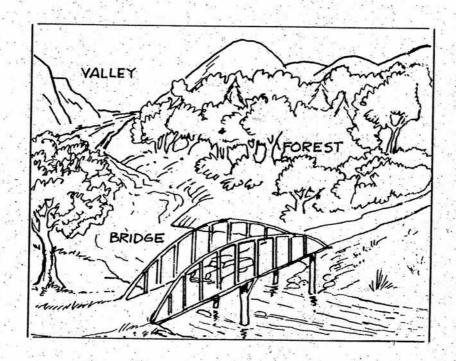
. Ur

a. b.

1.	They're going to the
	a. city
2 P	b. country
	입다 마시트 시시 [18] - 시간 [4] - 시간 [4] [6]
2.	He's a .
	a. farmer b. rancher
80.00	O. Tancher
į.	
3.	The girls enjoy watching the
7.5	a. calves
	b. bulls
4.	They're talking about .
	a. sheep
	b. cows
- V(1)	열리는 이 사람들이 모양하는 것이 하고 있는데 것
5.	He has planted a field of
	a. wheat
	b. cotton
6.	They're describing the
	a. silo
	b. barn
7.	Black Diamond is a
	a. bull
1	b. horse
1	
8	Uncle John will the wheat.
-	one wiedt.
	a. cut
	b. plant
-	

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 2B, BOOK 14

Figure 1



Aunt Emily: Would you like to eat lunch outdoors? We've located

a wonderful place for a picnic.

Susan: Yes, we'd love to. Where is it?

Uncle John: Beside a lake in a small valley.

Bonnie: Are there many trees?

Uncle John: Yes, there's a whole forest.

Bonnie: Is the <u>location</u> on this side of the river?

Bunt Emily: No, we have to cross the bridge before we get to the

valley.

Uncle John: The trip will take about an hour, so we should put

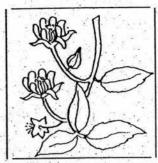
the food in the car and start soon.

CABINE REFLECTION

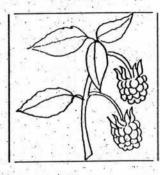


Figur

1.



raspberry



Susan: This is a beautiful place. Look at the <u>reflection</u> of the trees in the lake.

Aunt Emily: I'm glad it's sunny. On a day like this, the water reflects everything around the lake.

Bonnie: The flowers are in full bloom.

Susan: Some of the other plants are blossoming too. What kind are they?

Aunt Emily: They're raspberry bushes. Soon the blossoms will fall and the raspberries will start to grow.

Bonnie: I guess someone around here has a green thumb.

Aunt Emily: Maybe it's Mr. Davis. He lives in that <u>cabin</u> and takes care of the land around the lake for the owner.

Susan: Have you lit a fire yet, Uncle John?

Uncle John: No. Mr. Davis asked me not to <u>light</u> one here. We'll have to eat a cold lunch.

ion

ater

hat

11

nd

1.	They saw of the trees on the water.
	이 없다면서 1.001.111일은 나는 아이트 그 나는 그 사람이 하나 가는 어떻게 하는데 아이들은 모양이다.
	a. a picture
	b. an idea
1	시간 그 얼마를 하고 한 경험을 하는 것이 없었다.
2.	There were flowers.
	a. a lot of
	b. not many
3.	There were on some of the plants.
	이 마리가 마리 이렇는 얼마, 프로마이어 아름이 내었습니까? 그림 아이지를 모고싶어 있다고 맞았습니다는 말이 되었다.
	a. nuts
	b. flowers
	없는 사람들이 얼마나 하는 사람들이 살아 있다면 하는데 살아 있다.
4	The plants will have on the
	The plants will have on them.
	a. fruit
	b. vegetables
-	
5.	When he raises a plant, it always looks
+	
	a. sick
	b. healthy
0.	He lives in a
	a nino anominat
	a. nice apartmentb. very small house
	o. very small house
7.	He can't a fire.
1	
	a. start
-	b. put out
	그리지 않는데 그는 사람이 되었다면 모든 사람들이 되었다. 그런 사람들이 되었다면 하다는 것이 되었다면 하다 없는데 없었다.

- When he meets rude people, Arnie becomes angry.
 Rude people make Arnie angry.
- There won't be a wheat harvest this summer.
 The storm destroyed the wheat crop.
- When the storm hit, the sky became dark. Thick clouds hid the sun.
- A TV station showed the crops after the storm passed.
 A TV station showed pictures of the <u>destruction</u>.
- Some plants grow in water or on rocks. Most plants grow in <u>dirt</u>.
- There's a good chance that Dan will sell his farm.
 Dan will probably sell his farm.

dest	troy desti	cuction d	irt make	probably	thick
If	f ranchers ta	ake good care	e of their la	nd, they can	
	it bet	ter. If the	ey don't, hun	gry animals a	and dry
weather	may	it.	When there	are too many	, animals
one pla	ice, they soo	on eat all th	ne grass. On	ly the	
remains	. Then wind	and water s	slowly carry	the best	
away.	If the ranch	er takes the	animals off	the land and	lets it
rest for	r a year or	two, he may	be able to s	top the	
		. Then the	grass will r	eturn, but it	
	wo.	n't be as go	od for the a	nimals or as	in the
· . · . · .	as it	was before.			. 4,

- 1. a. old age
 - b. exercise
 - c. new jobs
 - d. retirement
- 2. a. high school football in Texas
 - b. high school sports in the U.S.
 - c. the best football games in Texas
 - d. the best football players in the U.S.
- 3. a. shopping
 - b. sales taxes
 - c. food and medicine
 - d. the price of gasoline

male in

ck

mals in

sit

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 2C, BOOK 14

Figure 1

- Jack hasn't slept for 48 hours. He's extremely tired.
- Joanne isn't beautiful, but she always looks nice.
 She's <u>rather</u> pretty.
- 3. Jeanne is much prettier than Joanne. She's quite beautiful.
- 4. Someone just hit Pete's new car.
 He's terribly angry.
- Al just found out about his promotion. He's very happy.
- I apologize for hurting your feelings.
 I'm so sorry.
- Carl thought the movie was great.
 He really liked the movie.

Figure 2

Diane: Thanks so much for dinner.

Steve: The meal was really delicious.

Diane: Dessert was extremely good.

Alice: We're very glad that you could come.

Steve: I'm terribly sorry that we were late.

Diane: We were quite upset when we ran out of gas.

David: Don't worry about it. Dinner was rather late, too.

Figure 3	
The	chicken is <u>quite</u> delicious. (really) chicken is <u>really</u> <u>delicious</u> . (good) chicken is really good.
The	show wasn't very exciting. (terribly) show wasn't terribly exciting. (long) show wasn't terribly long.
Figure 4	
(yes, Yes, w	e had a very good time.
2: was the uni	ing room noisy:
3. Were the gi	rls excited?
4. Were the bo	ys hungry?
5. Was the ser	vice fast?
6. Was the wai	ter polite?
7. Is the menu	interesting?
8. Did you enj	oy your dinner?

Fig

Don

Dan

Don

Dan:

Don:

Dan:

9. Is the food expensive?

10. Are you glad that you ate there?

Don: Do you remember the date when you enlisted?

Dan: Yes, I do. I know the exact time when I signed the form.

Don: Was it the day when we graduated from high school?

Dan: No. It was the Friday when we finished our exams.

Don: What was the name of the base where you were assigned?

Dan: Lackland. I'll never forget the barracks where I lived.

Don: Where was the last place where you served?

Dan: In Colorado. That's the state where I'd really like to live.

- That's the street where Frank lives. (house)
 That's the house where Frank lives. (John)
 That's the house where John lives.
- EXAMPLE 2: That's the <u>day</u> when Lisa leaves. (morning)
 That's the morning when <u>Lisa</u> leaves. (Larry)
 That's the morning when <u>Larry</u> leaves.

- 1. Al: When will you retire? Ed: July 1 is the date.
- Carl: When does Harry work late?
 Doug: This is the week.
- Ann: Where does Jack live?
 Jan: This isn't the house.
- 4. Ted: Where did you make reservations? Ned: Not at that hotel.

Figur

1.

- 5. Ken: Where did Will lose his wallet? Kim: This isn't the mall.
- 6. Wendy: When can we discuss the problem? Sandy: Now is not the time.

- 1. a. Most people eat too much sugar.
 - b. Ice cream is a popular dessert.
 - c. Many foods have too much sugar.
 - d. Many people like to eat dessert.

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 2D, BOOK 14

Figure 1

Joe: Jay, this is Joe King. I just got my assignment. We're coming to join you at Vance.

Jay: That's great! How can I help you?

Joe: We need all the information you can give us.

Jay: I'll be glad to tell you everything I know. What do you want to hear first?

Joe: Please give me a description of the base.

Jay: Okay, that's easy. It's a small pilot training base a few miles from the city of Enid.

Joe: What's the city like?

Jay: It has a small university and about 50 thousand people.

Many of the people work for oil companies or at the base.

Everyone I've met has been very friendly.

Joe: What is that part of Oklahoma like?

Jay: It's flatter and drier than the eastern half of the state. There are a lot of cattle ranches and wheat farms around. It can be quite cold in the winter and terribly hot in the summer. Anything else?

Joe: My wife wants to know about the BX and commissary.

Jay: Both of them are new. They're rather small, but they're nice.

Joe: How are the houses on base?

Jay: They're okay. The ceilings are made of wood, and there are microwaves in the kitchens.

- Tim: What are the classrooms like?
 Jim: They're small and crowded.
- Ann: What does your office building look like?
 Kay: It's made of white stone and has 5 stories.
- Jan: What is Chicago like in the winter?
 Pam: It's windy and cold.
- 4. Wes: What was the airport like at that time of night?
 Les: Very quiet. It was almost empty.
- 5. Dee: How can you describe New Orleans? Lee: It's an interesting old city beside the Mississippi River.

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Figu

1.

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Karen: Please tell me what your country is like.
 Maria: It's very beautiful. It has beaches, lakes, mountains, and forests.

Figure 3

EXAMPLE: What is the doctor's office like?
(clean, white)
The doctor's office is clean and white.

- 1. What was the airport like?
- How was your hotel room?
- 3. What is the base like?
- 4. What are the classrooms like?
- 5. Can you describe the language lab?
- 6. Can you tell me about the city?
- 7. What is the hospital like?
- 8. How are the malls?

Greg: What's the university like?

Stan: It's good, but it's much too large.

Greg: What's the library like?

Stan: I don't know. I only study a little.

Greg: Is the gym nice?

Stan: Yes, it's great. I like it a lot.

Figure 5

1. If Sue's been shopping all day, she'll be tired.

2. I'll fix you some dinner if you haven't eaten yet.

3. If Steve's lost his book, he can borrow Jim's.

4. Pat might go with us if she hasn't made other plans.

5. If you've decided to take the other job, tell the company.

6. Don't call Donna again if you've already talked to her once.

Figure 6

1. Go to the game. You've bought a ticket.

2. Alan can win the race. He's practiced hard.

3. You've finished the book. Please give it to Martha.

4. I'll take you to the airport. You haven't called a taxi.

5. The boys have caught some fish. We'll eat them for lunch.

6. Kevin's worked hard all summer. He should take a vacation.

- 1. If the Millers are flying, they'll be here tonight.
- 2. They won't be here until Sunday if they're driving.
- 3. If Frank's taking a shower, he can't hear the phone.
- 4. Ben should make plans now if he's thinking about retiring.
- 5. If you're talking to Jane, give her a message for me.
- 6. Please tell me right away if you're not coming to the party

- 1. Lucy's running a fever tomorrow. I'll call the doctor.
- 2. Get a lot of change. You're making a long distance call.
- 3. Kathy's staying in Dallas tonight. She should visit Ann.
- 4. Steven should exercise more. He's trying to lose weight.
- 5. Joe's still driving his old car. He'll need a new one soon
- 6. Henry is watching the television. Don't turn it off yet.

- 1. a. Kinds of Insurance
 - b. Costs of Insurance
 - c. Insurance Companies
 - d. Automobile Insurance



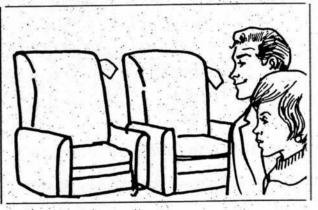
- 1. Sally was born on June 8.
- 2. This is her birthday party.
- 3. June 8 is the date of Sally's birth.
- 4. Her grandparents came over for her party.
- 5. There's a big cake with four candles because Sally is four years old.
- 6. Sally has to blow out the candles.
- 7. Everyone is singing the Happy Birthday song.
- 8. Sally got many presents from her family.
- 9. She likes opening her gifts.
- 10. Her mother wrapped them in pretty paper.





- 1. Ned and Helen are looking 2. They take turns sitting for big, comfortable chairs. in the chairs.



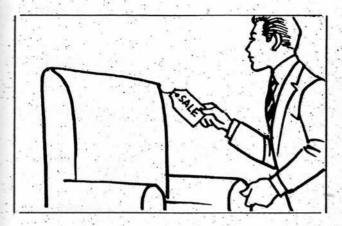


- This chair is uncomfortable. 4. 3.
- Finally, they find two chairs they will be proud to own.

5.

1.

2.





- 5. They aren't <u>rich</u>, but these chairs are on sale, so they can afford them.
- 6. They look forward to having them in their living room. They'll listen to soft music that's turned down low.

- 1. a. The Morris children go over to their grandparents' home.
 - b. Their grandparents are special people.
 - Their grandmother is a good cook.
 - d. Their grandfather gives them jobs to do.
- a. Wade will have six weeks of basic training.
 - b. Wade is up for a promotion, because he has finished six weeks of basic training.
 - c. Wade wants a new assignment.
 - d. Wade will go where the Navy sends him, because that's part of being in the military.
- 3. a. Norm likes west Texas.
 - b. Norm likes riding a horse.
 - c. Norm likes working on his ranch.
 - d. Norm wants to be rich.

Figure	4

EXAMPLE: It __must___ be Sally's birthday.

1. Ned _____ be tired.

2. Billy _____ be at home sick.

He _____ be at the doctor's.

3. It _____ be raining downtown.

4. John _____ have a cold.

5. Michelle _____ speak French.

6. Fred _____ think it's going to rain.

7. The office ______ be closed.

The doctor ______ be at the hospital.

Figur

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Figure

EXAMPI

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3 7 7

8. kı

9. ma

	They	be at home.
	It _	be so hot tomorrow.
	Jane	be hungry.
•	Mary	get a ride.
•	Hal _	have time for lunch.
•	Hank	be able to fix the car
	They	like sports.

Hal is interested in giving a birthday party for his friend Ken.

- plan the party
- enjoy the party
- receive gifts
- see all his old friends
- sing the birthday song
- 6. blow out the candles
- 7. enjoy parties
- know friends will all enjoy the party too 8.
- make his friend happy and have a good time too

Lucy called to tell friend	Paula she would
to see her later the d	ay. It was
turn to visit Paula,	_ she couldn't just
without calling. Paula tole	d to drop
over anytime, Lucy knew she did	n't
mean it. She went once withou	t calling and
feel comfortable while she _	there. She
told herself, " now on, I'll ca	11 I
go. Then I sit here uncomfor	tably, wondering
to say next. Besides,	know I like people
call me first, too."	

Fig

her coul anyt once ther Then

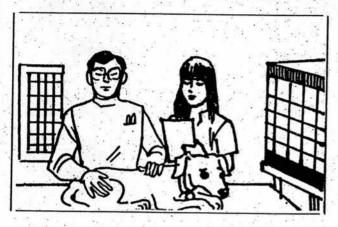
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ANSWERS FOR TAPE 3A, BOOK 14

Figure 7

Lucy called to tell her friend Paula she would be over to see her later in the day. It was her turn to visit Paula but she couldn't just drop by without calling. Paula told her to drop over anytime, but Lucy knew she didn't really mean it. She went over once without calling and didn't feel comfortable while she was there. She told herself, "From now on, I'll call before I go. Then I won't sit here uncomfortably, wondering what to say next. Besides, I know I like people to call me first, too."

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 3B, BOOK 14



1. Troy and Jane are a married 2. It's Jane's turn to use couple who work in an animal hospital.



the microscope.



They've been looking for something special that has just turned up in the animal Troy has been studying.



Besides their work with animals in the hospital, Troy and Jane have animals at home.





- 5. They believe in relaxing after work so they listen to music that plays softly on their stereo.
- 6. Sometimes they go over to visit the neighbors who live in the apartment underneath theirs.

3.

Figu

1.

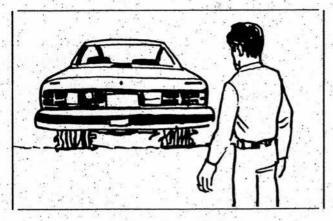
2.

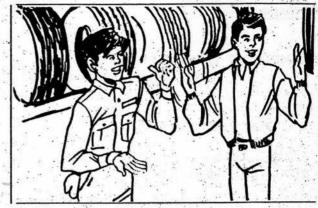
3.





- Ned had a <u>couple</u> of blowouts.
- 2. All the people in the street were scared.





- 3. Ned thinks the tires were poorly made.
- 4. Ned will not continue to buy that kind of tire.

- 1. a. People Like Birthdays
 - b. Blow Out the Candles
 - c. Birthdays in the U.S.
 - d. The Happy Birthday Song
- 2. a. Max and Marge Take a Trip
 - b. The Blowout!
 - c. A Beautiful Trip
 - d. A Tire Change
- 3. a. Harvest Time
 - b. The Middle of the U.S.
 - c. Hard Work
 - d. Saving Crops
- 4. a. Having A Party!
 - b. New Drapes
 - c. Comfortable Furniture
 - d. Sally's Proud!

EXAMPLE:	speak/Italian	
	Tony must speak	Italian.

- 1. Mary/birthday
- 2. Fred/get/haircut
- Martha/not/feel/well
- 4. Hank/trip
- 5. Joan/not/have/phone
- 6. they/look/someone
- 7. Ned/hungry
- 8. Frank/not/tired
- 9. Ali/book quiz/tomorrow
- 10. shoes/not/comfortable

Figu

1.

2.

Figur

EXAMI

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 3C, BOOK 14

Figur	<u>re 1</u>	
1.		
2.		
Figu	<u>re 2</u>	
EXAM	PLE: (must/after 0800 hrs)	You mustn't report after 0800
	hours	
	(Maria Charat)	
1.	(must/Main Street)	She must turn on State Street.
2.	(could/the sergeant)	
		He could talk to the captain.
3.	(would/go downtown)	
		The weather is too bad.
4.	(you/have to)	that a turn to help
		It's Betty's turn to help.
5.	(John/going to)	
		He'll be home early.
6 8 1 6 70		
6.	(must/before noon)	in doesn't want it before lunch.
20	The capta	IIII doesii c want it borozo -ano

	It's Sunday
(will/this evening)	
	She'll write them tomorrow
(Ned/have to)	
	He can go tomorrow
(must/this morning)	
	He must see him this afternoon
ire 3	
	[경기 시간] 보고 하는 사람들은 경우를 받았다.
	일을 하나 되는 일을 하는 것이 없다.
	- 취실하다

1.

2.

з.

1. Helen is
a. looking underneath the chair b. blowing out candles c. wrapping a package
2. Iris is
a. singing a songb, lighting a candlec. having a birthday party
3. Jill is
a. opening a giftb. wrapping a giftc. giving a gift
4. Kay is
 a. turning down a party b. looking forward to a birthday c. having a birthday
5. The Wilsons are
a. getting up soonb. preparing it soonc. coming over soon
6. Mindy is
a. singing a songb. blowing out candlesc. lighting candles
7. Nan is
 a. turning down a piece of cake b. turning up a piece of cake c. eating a piece of cake
. Greg and Grace are
a. turning up work b. turning down work c. taking turns at work

Ralph	start college next week. He
study mu	sic. He get there early to get his
schedule and buy	his books. He meet his teachers,
too. He	meet them the day classes start, but he
ra	ther meet them early. He knows he
to enjoy college	. He study hard but that
doesn't frighten	him. He knows he do that.

Fig

musi book clas goin frig

ANSWERS FOR TAPE 3C, BOOK 14

Figure 5

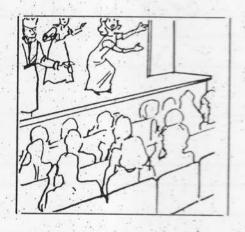
Ralph will start college next week. He's going to study music. He has to get there early to get his schedule and buy his books. He must meet his teachers, too. He could meet them the day classes start, but he would rather meet them early. He knows he's going to enjoy college. He'll have to study hard but that doesn't frighten him. He knows he should do that.

EXAMPLE:



He must be getting a ticket for speeding.

1.



2.



3.



4



5



6



peop

some

true

song

when

when

7.



8:



Figure 2

1.

2.

people everywhere/songs	
some/very old/don't remember/wrote	
true/country	
songs/work/play/funny/soft songs/fo	or children/tell stories/love
when/sing/our own country/learn	
when/learn to sing/people and count	ries/understand
Figure 4	

people/believe/continue/studies/graduate/university	
no longer/school/continue/study/special field	
look forward to/hours/library	
read/everything/can	
learn/latest/information	
help/work/field/after/school	
<u>Figure 6</u>	

old, count songs songs somet peopl

Figur

gradu conti many learn work

ANSWERS FOR TAPE 3D, BOOK 14

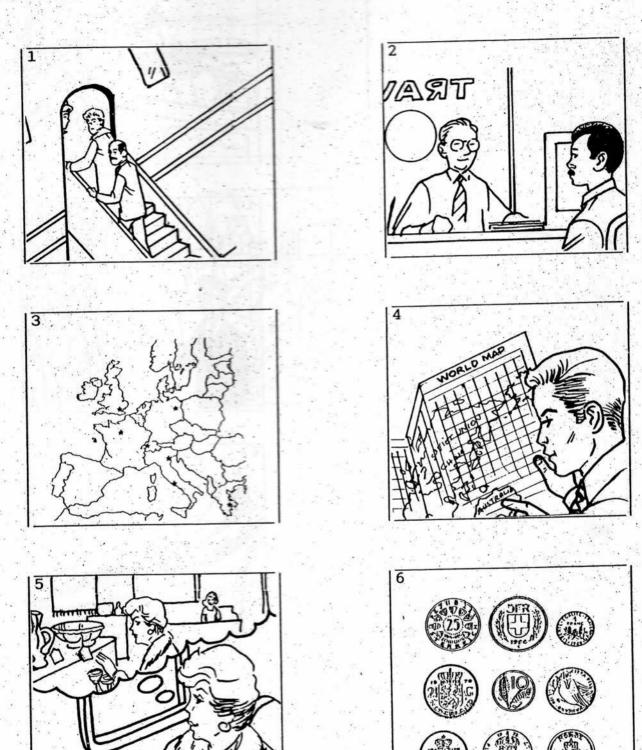
Figure 4

People everywhere have songs. Some of these songs are very old, and we don't remember who wrote them. This is true in every country. There are songs for work and for play, funny songs, soft songs we sing for children, songs that tell stories, and love songs. When we sing the songs of our own country, we learn something about it. When we learn to sing the songs of other people and countries, we understand something about them.

Figure 6

Many people believe in continuing their studies after they graduate from the university. They no longer go to school but they continue studying in their special field. They look forward to many hours in the library. They read everything they can. They learn all the latest information. All this helps them with their work in their field, long after they are out of school.

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 4A, BOOK 14



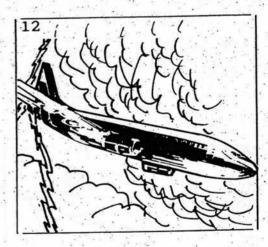


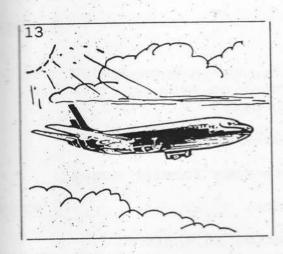
















	병이 나는 그리는 나는 아이들이 그렇게 모르는 사람이 살아 먹다면 하다면 하는데 없었다.
a.	The Wilsons got a chance to go to Europe.
b.	They are going to tour Europe.
c.	No, Roger has never traveled abroad.
d.	Tim asked Dad to bring him some foreign money.
e.	
f.	The taxi fares were expensive in England.
g.	No, he'll have to cancel his reservations.
h.	No, they went with a group of people.
1.	She's going shopping as soon as the plane lands in Ireland.
j.	They put aside some money each month to get ready for this trip.
k.	Mom said the flight was rough.
1.	Monday's tour was a trip to an old part of the city and a university.
m.	Dad said that all the tourists were carrying cameras.
n.	Dad said the flight was smooth.
ο.	There are two hundred passengers on the plane.
Figu	<u>ire 3</u>
A.	ought to go to the doctor.
В.	1 ought to slow down.
c.	ought to call her and tell her.
D.	ought to apologize to Bob.
Ε.	ought to take their shoes off before they go into the

Fig

1.

1. a.	Vacations are	fun		tions			
	Everyone goes	on	vaca	tions.	£	wagati	on
c.	It takes time	to	get	ready	IOI 6	vacati	.OII.
					1,50		ala a
					37		91
							•
				The state of	100		
2 1 2 2							
rimuro 5							
Figure 5						1 %	
4 4							
					45	74	. 9
EXAMPLE:	Lt Evans is						200
	a. happy						8
	b. angry				7 7		
	b. angry c. sad				19		1
							- 1
					31	A 14	
1 mbo	flight was					Language Committee	
1. The	Tilgic was						1
						1980 E 1987	
a.	smooth					- P.	
b.	calm					11 27 %	*
c.	rough					*) ¥	E 4 9
					-		
2. Fra	nk is					2 3 1	
a.	excited					19.00	
b.	bored				4.		
						0 100	
C.	upset						
3. San	dy is						
						*	* H
a.	sad						
b.	happy						19.74
c.	excited						
- 75							
4. Mr.	Jacobs is						A 5.10
4. Hi.		_					1 2 1
4 1 2							4
	on time						
b.	late						1
c.	early						-
	SWE STATE OF THE S						
5. Mrs	. Johnson is		300				
41.							
a.	late						
b.	lost						
The second secon	early						
c.	SGITA						
1. J A.							
- W *							

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 4B, BOOK 14

gure 1	
. attempt	
. promise	
3. smell	
4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4	
4. taste	
5. accidentally	
5. accidentally 6. by	
6. by	
6. by	
6. by	
6. by	
6. by	
6. by 7. just as	
6. by	
6. by 7. just as	

9.	on
	일하다 이 지수는 일이 되어 되었다고 있었다면 이 나는 생각이 가는 때 이는 그렇게 했다. 이
VI. N	경기가 이 시하기 되는 사람이 하고 있었다면서 가는 사람이 있는 사람이 <u>되어 있다.</u> 네
	그리는 하다 하다 가장 살이 되는 사람이 얼마나는 사람들이 하는 그 사람들이 가장 살아갔다.
10.	luck
	심장하다 가는 아니까지 사고 이 이번째 사람이 모르게 나가 아니라 가 전하는데 하는데
	나는 이 얼마나 하는 그들은 사람들은 사람들이 하는 것으로 살아 하는 이 사람들이 되었다.
	보이 살이 마다 가게 되는 것 같아. 그 사람들이 살아 있다면 그 사람들이 되는 것이 없었다. 그리
11	promise
	promise
	하이 아이들은 그렇게 되었다면 하는데 하고 있었다면 하다면 하다면 되었다면 하나 나를 살았다면 다
1200	- 1. S [18] [18] [18] - 18 (18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [
12.	refreshments
	1. 마마막이 얼마를 하다 있는데, 요즘 사용하다 하루 사용하다 하시는 여러 반대를 했다고 다
Tea teat	기 성도 있다는 이 점점에는 하기 수없다면 하네이 하다 때 사람들은 이렇게 되었다.
13.	smell
ALT.	그리는 하는 하나 하는 것이 하는 것들은 사람들이 없는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이 없다. 그렇게 되었다고 그렇게 되었다.
1 262	
1.	
Tage	그 님이 이 그 집에 들어 느껴졌다. 그는 내 이렇지는 그렇게 이 지금 때를 받아 되어 있다며 모양이 되었다.
14.	taste
	그렇게 보다 살아왔다면 하다 하다 내가 되었다. 그렇게 되었다면 하다 그를 느라고 있다면 생생이다.
	로마리 글로마리 경우를 가득하는 것이 하는 경우를 하는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이다.
	그는 회에는 이번 살이 어느 전쟁이 아직을 수 있습니다. 그렇게 하는 것은 사람들이 모든 것이다.
F1 a	
rig	ure 2
1.	a. OLIVER IS IN THE MARINES
9	b. A DAY WITH OLIVER
	C. OLIVER TAKES A LOT OF SHOWERS
7. E	
2.	a. LT COMMANDER KLINE'S RETIREMENT
	그는 그렇게 되었다면 하는 이번 가는 이번 되었다. 그렇게 하는 하는 하는 것은 그들은 그는 것은 그렇게 되었다.
	b. TRAVELING WITH LT COMMANDER KLINE

1.

3.

6.

LT COMMANDER KLINE MAKES FURNITURE

Nathan/Lawrence family	
Jerome	
Edward	
Allen/Mike	
\$40.00 miles	
Vince	

ANSWERS FOR TAPE 4B, BOOK 14

Fi

EX

1

3

Figure 1

- 1. He attempted to climb that high mountain.
- 2. He promised to marry Jane after his tour of duty.
- 3. Grandma's bread smells good.
- 4. The lemon tastes sour.
- 5. He accidentally stepped on Mrs. Fisher's foot.
- 6. He needs to be at the airport by 9:30.
- 7. He saw Jack just as he was leaving the building.
- 8. He asked her to turn the light off.
- 9. Sam turned the radio on.
- 10. He's had a lot of good luck lately.
- 11. She made a promise to write to Sara in California.
- 12. She had soda and chips for refreshments.
- 13. The smell from the kitchen is wonderful.
- 14. The taste of onion is still in my mouth.

Figure 3

- Tom reads better than Joyce.
- 2. He is the worst driver in the Lawrence family.
- 3. He writes badly.
- 4. He cooks well.
- 5. He sings worse than Mike does.
- 6. He hits the ball the best of all the team.

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 4C, BOOK 14

Figur	<u>re 1</u>	
EXAMP	LE: He told her that _	he would pick her up at five-
. 6.	fifteen.	
10		
1.	He said that	
2.	He told him that	
3.	She told him	
# 2 2		
4.	He said that	
5.	She told her	
6.	He told him	
*		
7.	He said that	
	And the second s	
1 12 27		

Example: I enjoy getting to work early. First of all, I open the door to my office. Then, I turn on the light. After that, I sit at my desk and read the mail. Finally, I begin to work.

Fi

NO'

2.

3.

NOT

NOTI

3.

CONNECTIVES

first of all second as well as	but next so	still at last finally	then after that	first and
Paragraph #1				
Paragraph #2				
Paragraph #3				
Paragraph #4				

Figure 3 Dialog #1 NOTES: Dialog #2 NOTES: 2. Dialog #3 NOTES:

LANGUAGE LABORATORY ACTIVITIES, TAPE 4D, BOOK 14

Fig	ure	1

	NOTES	
BILL		
JOHN		
RALPH		
1.		
2.		
3.		
	NOTES	
RALPH		
BILL		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		

NOTES

Fig

a.

b.

Par

d.

e.

f.

BILL						
RALPH						
8						
9						
10						
11						
•		• • •	••••	•		
Figure	<u>}_</u>					
1						
2						
		•		• • •		
Figure	, ,					
rigure						
1.						
			1,			
11 <u>1</u> 17					The transfer of	

Paragraph #1

b. ____

c. ____

d.____

Paragraph #3

a. ____

b. _____

c. ____

d. ____

e. ____

f. ____

g. ____

h. _____

Paragraph #2

a. ____

b.

C.

d.

e. ____

WEST COMPANIES FOR STORY CORPORATE AND AREA